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EASTER	N DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA			
Alexandria Division			OCT 16 2008	
		C	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA) Criminal No. 1:08CR3	Criminal No. 1:08CR385		
v.)			
)			
ABEL NNABUE,)			
Defendant.)			

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Were the United States to proceed to trial in this case, it would provide testimonial, documentary and real evidence to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that, from no later than September 2007 through August 1, 2008, in the Eastern District of Virginia and elsewhere, defendant ABEL NNABUE (the "Defendant") did unlawfully, willfully and knowingly agree, combine and conspire with others to execute and attempt to execute a scheme or artifice (i) to defraud a financial institution and (ii) to obtain moneys, funds and credit owned by and under the custody and control of a financial institution by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses and representations in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1344 (Bank Fraud). Specifically, the evidence would establish, at a minimum, the following facts:

Defendant was a member of a conspiracy to defraud financial institutions of substantial sums of money by fraudulently assuming the identities of account holders on existing home equity line of credit loans (HELOC), and causing financial institutions to transfer funds from those HELOC accounts to overseas bank accounts controlled by co-conspirators.

Defendant and other co-conspirators carried out their fraudulent scheme by first identifying individuals who held large HELOC accounts, typically greater than \$200,000. To identify victims,

Defendant and his co-conspirators obtained lists of first and second mortgage borrowers from direct marketing companies that sold lists of sales leads for mortgage products. Defendant and other co-conspirators obtained personal identifying information, including social security numbers, password clue information, and signature exemplars for victims from a variety of online sources. Defendant and his co-conspirators also fraudulently obtained unauthorized access to potential victims' credit reports on publicly available credit report ordering websites to obtain information about potential victims' bank and HELOC accounts.

One of Defendant's roles in the conspiracy was to obtain unauthorized access to the credit reports of potential victim HELOC account holders. Using the social security numbers and other previously obtained personal identifying information about potential victims, Defendant fraudulently obtained credit reports of potential victims using the web site <a href="https://www.annualcredoi.org/www.annualcredoi.or

Once Defendant and other members of the conspiracy identified a target HELOC account and account holder and completed gathering personal identifying information about the target, he would provide the data to TOBECHI ONWUHARA, who would call customer service contacts at target financial institutions and impersonate the HELOC account holders. To create the false appearance that the call originated from the HELOC account holders, Defendant and his co-conspirators would use a caller id spoofing service to cause a false phone number to appear in the call recipient's caller identification display. Defendant also personally called banks and successfully impersonated HELOC account holders on several occasions.

After providing the correct account information for a HELOC account holder, the fraudulent caller would first verify the unused balance on a HELOC account if the caller did not already know that information. Next, the caller would transfer funds out of the HELOC account and into a checking or savings account—although this was sometimes accomplished by logging into the victim's online account. Then, the caller would request a wire transfer of the funds to a foreign bank account controlled by members of the conspiracy. When a financial institution required written confirmations of wire transfer requests, Defendant and his co-conspirators would request that the financial institution email or fax the wire transfer form to a free, web-based email account established by one or more members of the conspiracy. Members of the conspiracy subscribed to a fax-to-web service that converted incoming faxes to a free web-based email account. The coconspirators would then complete the wire transfer form and forge the HELOC account holder's signature based on exemplars obtained from loan documents and publicly-available, property-record databases. Additionally, the fraudulent caller would call the account holder's phone company and have the victim's home phone number forwarded to a pre-paid cell phone in the possession of one of the co-conspirators for a period of several hours in order to receive confirmation phone calls from the financial institution.

Defendant and his co-conspirators would direct the wire transfers to be directed to overseas bank accounts controlled by other members of the conspiracy. These overseas co-conspirators would keep a percentage of the fraudulently obtained proceeds and then cause the remainder of the proceeds to be transferred to accounts in Nigeria or the United States controlled by the U.S.-based members of the conspiracy. Portions of the illegally obtained proceeds would be shared among the persons who performed some role in scheme.

As part of this fraudulent scheme, on or about December 7, 2007, ONWUHARA, impersonating the holder of a HELOC account with the United States Senate Federal Credit Union ("USSFCU"), called USSFCU's customer support in the Eastern District of Virginia, provided the account holder's personal account information, and fraudulently caused USSFCU to execute a wire transfer in the amount of \$280,000 dollars from Victim 1's account to a co-conspirator's bank account in Korea. The victim account holder resides in Alexandria, Virginia, which is in the Eastern District of Virginia. As part of USSFCU's normal practices' it sent a wire transfer form to the caller. At ONWUHARA's request, USSFCU sent the wire transfer form by email to ALLSTATEASSOCIATES@YAHOO.COM, an email address that Defendant had established and used to communicate with co-conspirators concerning the scheme.

In furtherance of this scheme, in or about December 2007, the Defendant, called a financial institution, successfully impersonated a HELOC account holder, and fraudulently caused the wire transfer of \$250,000 in U.S. currency from the HELOC account holder's HELOC account to an account controlled by Defendant's co-conspirators. Defendant personally received at least \$25,000 in those fraudulently obtained funds, which were wired by co-conspirator PRECIOUS MATTHEWS into the bank account of BRANDY ANDERSON, on or about January 22, 2008.

Respectfully submitted,

Chuck Rosenberg United States Attorney

By:

John Eisinger

Assistant United States Attorney

Tyler G. Newby

Special Assistant United States Attorney

After consulting with my attorney and pursuant to the plea agreement entered into this day between the Defendant, ABEL NNABUE and the United States, I hereby stipulate that the above Statement of Facts is true and accurate, and that had the matter proceeded to trial, the United States would have proved the same beyond a reasonable doubt.

Abel Nnabue

Defendant

I am ABEL NNABUE's attorney. I have carefully reviewed the above Statement of Facts with him. To my knowledge, his decision to stipulate to these facts is an informed and voluntary one.

Andrew M. Stewart

Attorney for Abel Nnabue

Date: 10/16/08

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